

Welcome to *The Current*, the North Central Region Water Network's Speed Networking Webinar Series

Groundwater Quality and Nitrate: 2PM CT

- 1. Submit your questions for presenters via the chat box. The chat box is accessible via the purple collaborate panel in the lower right corner of the webinar screen.
- 2. There will be a dedicated Q & A session following the last presentation.
- 3. A phone-in option can be accessed by opening the Session menu in the upper left area of the webinar screen and selecting "Use your phone for audio".

This session will be recorded and available at northcentralwater.org and learn.extension.org.

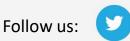






Today's Presenters:

- **Troy Gilmore**, Assistant Professor in the Conservation and Survey Division in the School of Natural Resources, University of Nebraska-Lincoln
- Vasudha Sharma, Assistant Extension Professor and Irrigation Specialist, University of Minnesota
- Kevin Masarik, Groundwater Education Specialist, University of Wisconsin-Madison Division of Extension and University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point



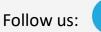




Troy Gilmore



Troy Gilmore is an Assistant Professor in the Conservation and Survey Division – School of Natural Resources with a joint appointment in the Department of Biological Systems Engineering. He earned his PhD in 2015 at North Carolina State University, in the Biological and Agricultural Engineering Department. His undergraduate degree is in Civil Engineering, also at North Carolina State University.





Groundwater Age: A Tool for Understanding Aquifer Impacts on Stream Water Quality

Troy E. Gilmore, Assistant Professor

Conservation and Survey Division – School of Natural Resources

Biological Systems Engineering

University of Nebraska – Lincoln

October 9, 2019







Acknowledgements

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 - Mason Johnson (MS)
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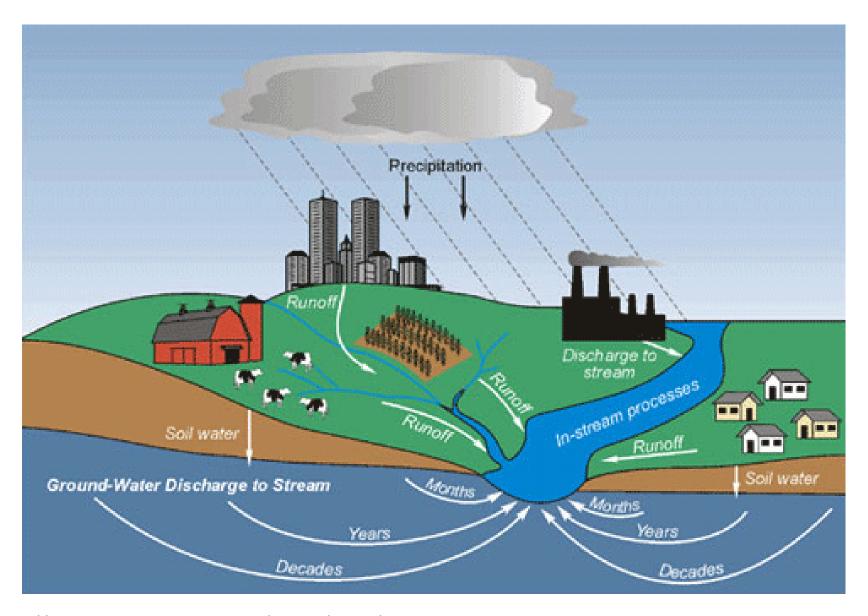
- Collaborators
 - North Carolina State Univ.
 - University of Utah
- Funding



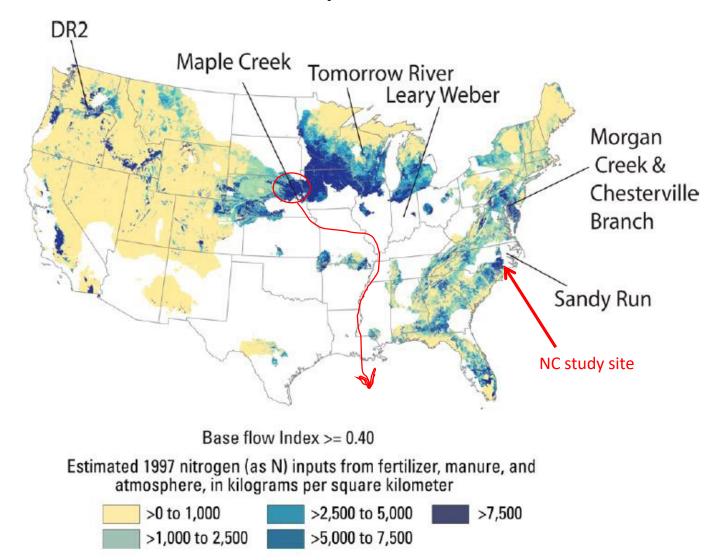


National Science Foundation (EAR-1744719)
USDA NIFA - Hatch project NEB-21-177

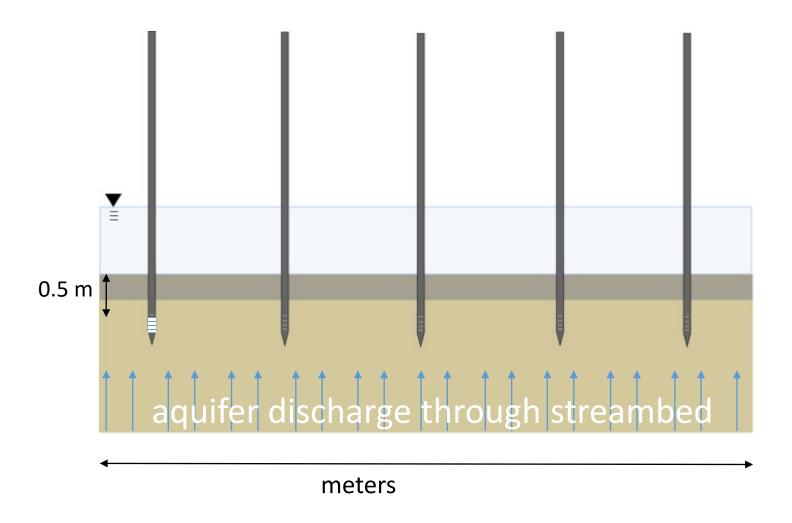
Groundwater Flowlines and Discharge at a Streambed



Stream vulnerability to GW contamination



Groundwater sampling in streambeds

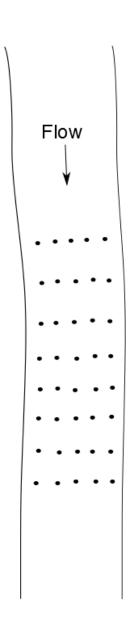


Browne and Guldan 2005; Kennedy et al. 2007, 2009; Genereux et al. 2008; Gilmore et al. 2016

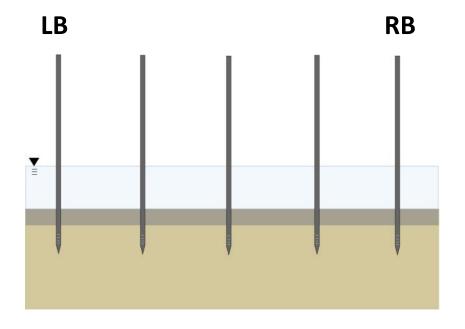






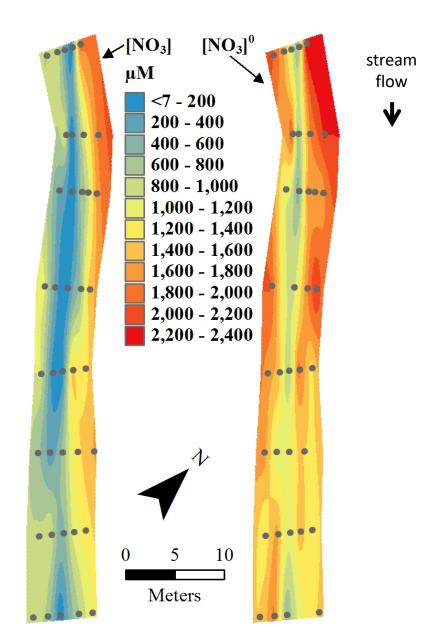


Data collection: point scale

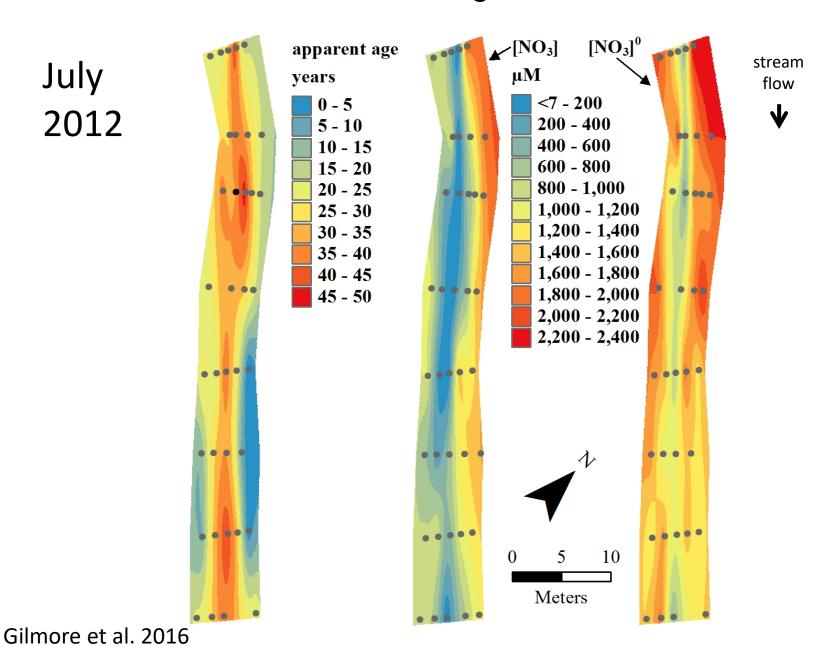


Visualizing NO₃

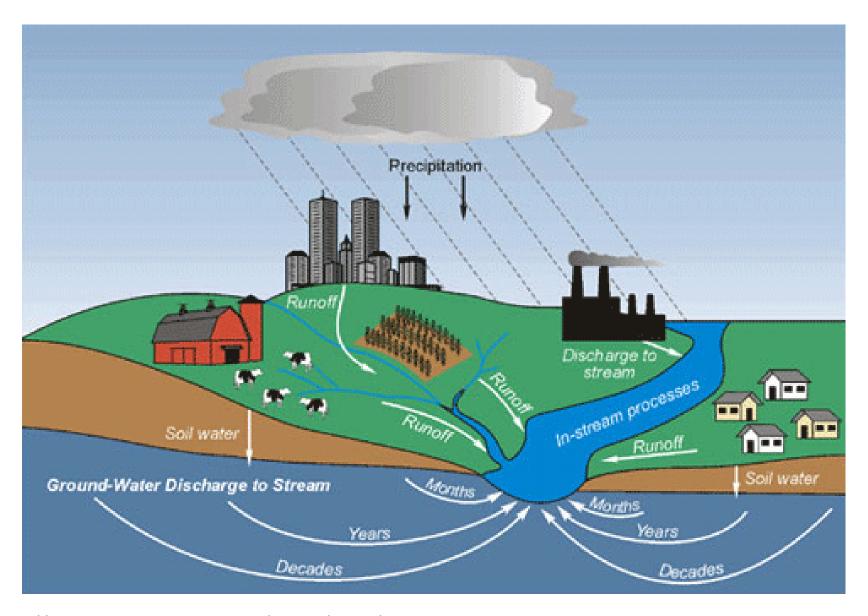
July 2012



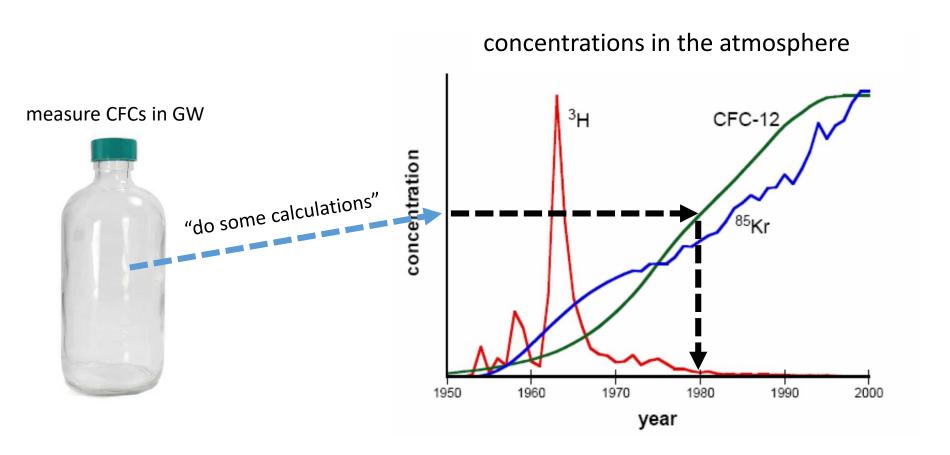
Visualizing NO₃ and age linkage

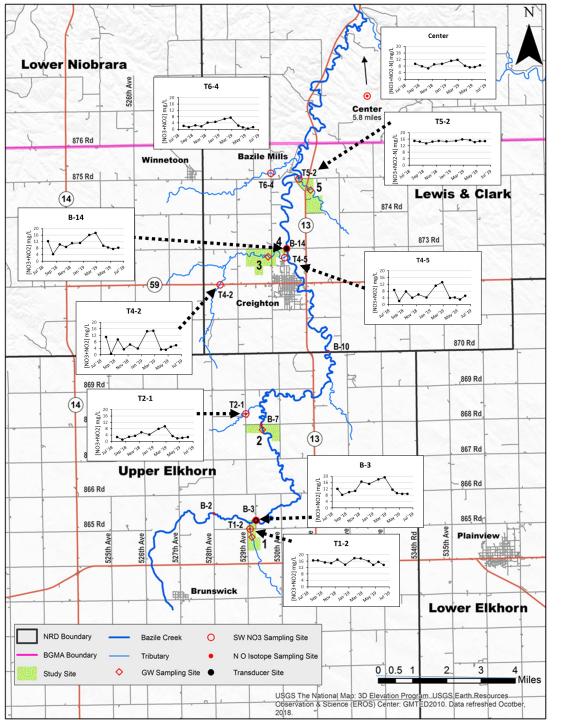


Groundwater Flowlines and Discharge at a Streambed



Principle of age-dating with tracers

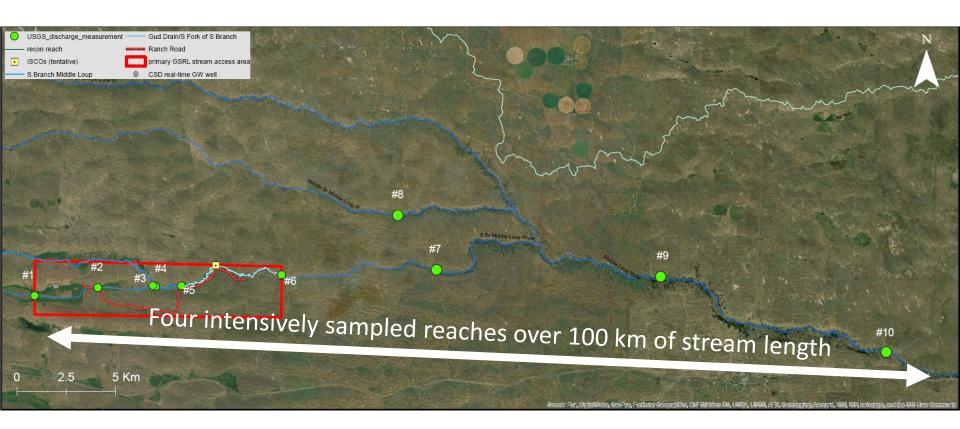




Upscaling

- ~30 km scale
- baseflow [NO₃-] in SW
- "survey" of GW age using ³H/³He

Upscaling and integrating GW age in numerical models



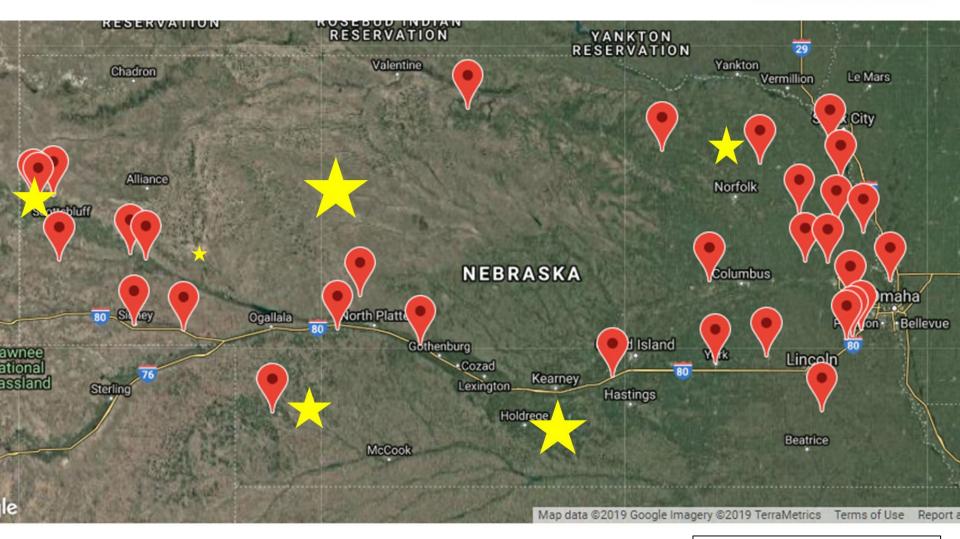


- North Carolina State Univ.
- University of Utah



Thank you!





https://go.unl.edu/gwage

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Vasudha Sharma



Vasudha Sharma is Assistant Extension Professor-Irrigation Specialist in the Department of Soil, Water and Climate and Department of Bioproducts and Biosystems Engineering at the University of Minnesota. She earned her M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in Biological and Agricultural Engineering from the University of Nebraska-Lincoln in 2014 and 2018, respectively. Her current research and extension activities include soil water monitoring, evapotranspiration (ET) measurements, soil-crop water dynamic, and irrigation scheduling and management to reduce irrigation-induced environmental pollution in Minnesota.







MAKING A DIFFERENCE IN MINNESOTA: ENVIRONMENT + FOOD & AGRICULTURE + COMMUNITIES + FAMILIES + YOUTH

Irrigation Management Impacts on Corn Yield and Nitrate Leaching in Minnesota Central Sands

Vasudha Sharma, Irrigation Specialist
Departments of Soil, Water and Climate and Bioproducts
and Biosystems Engineering
University of Minnesota

Outline

- Background
- Irrigation in Minnesota
- Ongoing Research Projects

Background

- Assistant Extension Professor-Irrigation Specialist: University of Minnesota (2018-present)
- Ph.D.: University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Biological Systems Engineering Department (2014-2018)
- Masters: University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Biological Systems Engineering Department (2012-2014)
- Undergraduate: Agricultural Engineering from Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana, Punjab in 2012

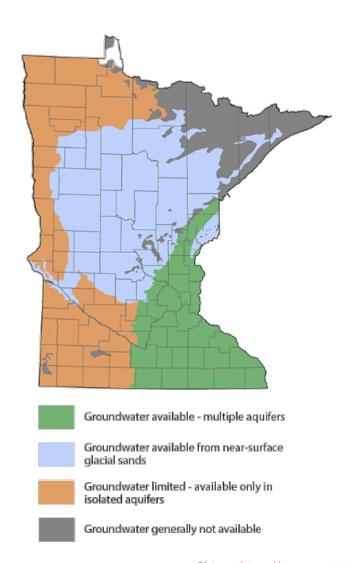






Groundwater in Minnesota

- Groundwater is the primary source of drinking water for about 75% of all Minnesotans
- It provides almost all of the water used to irrigate crops
- Availability varies throughout the state
- The central region of the state is characterized by coarse textured soils formed from glacial outwash
- Groundwater and surface water are interconnected



Picture: https://www.pca.state.mn.us



Background

Irrigation in OOO

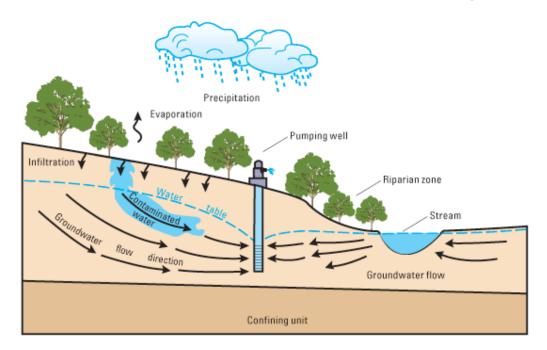
Ongoing Research

OOOOOO 24

JNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA EXTENSION

Groundwater Contamination

- In central region of the state, only 37% of the streams meet water quality standards for aquatic life (MPCA).
- About 40 percent of the shallow wells (less than 30 feet deep) have higher nitrate concentrations for drinking water (MPCA).



Picture: Domagalski et al.



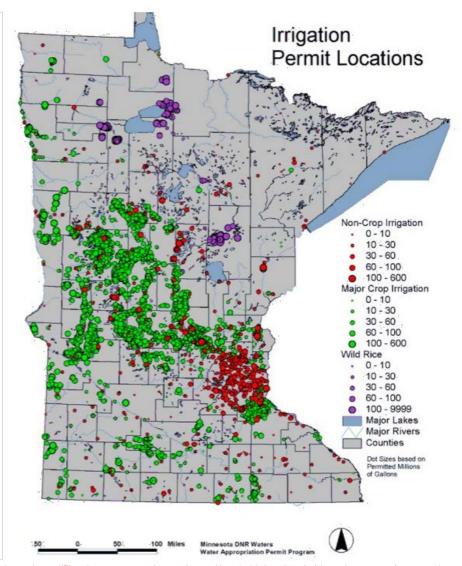
NIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA EXTENSION Background





Irrigation in Minnesota

- Supplemental Irrigation is essential for crop production in central sands region: coarse textured soils and not enough precipitation in the growing season
- Extensive agricultural production with crops such as corn, soybean, wheat, potato, dry edible beans etc.
- Enhanced the stability of many local communities



Picture: https://files.dnr.state.mn.us/waters/gwmp/thresholds/gw-thresholds-project groundwater-reviews.pdf



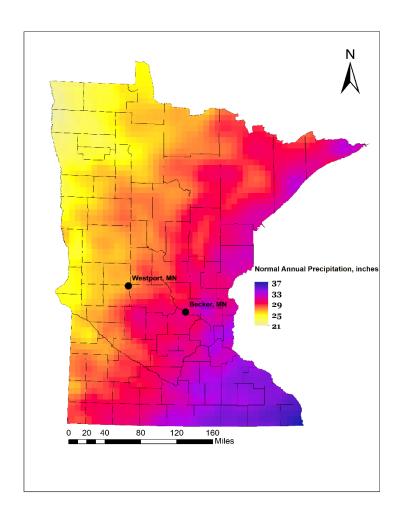
Background



Ongoing Research



Irrigation Research In Minnesota



Irrigation and Nitrogen interaction study

Irrigation and N combination BMPs

Nitrate leaching under different irrigations

N- and Water-use efficiency

Evapotranspiration and crop coefficients

Comparison of different Irrigation methods

Impact of irrigation management strategies on total irrigation amount, crop yield and nitrate leaching.



Minnesota

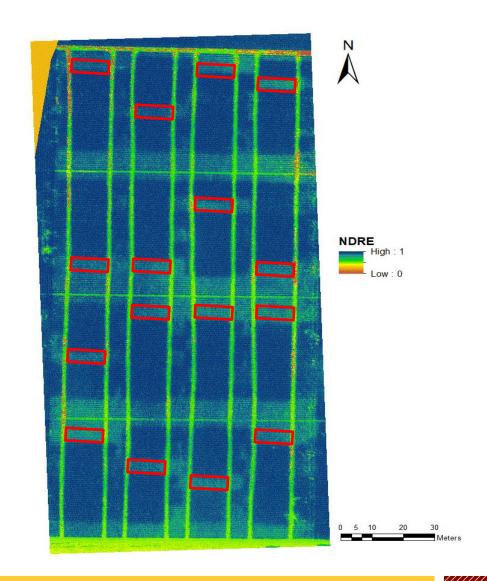






- Main plots (4) are irrigation levels -- 100%, 75%, 50% irrigation and rainfed
- Subplots (6) are nitrogen rates -- 0, 70, 140, 210, 280 and 350 Ib/ac N















Measurements



Neutron Probe



Weather station

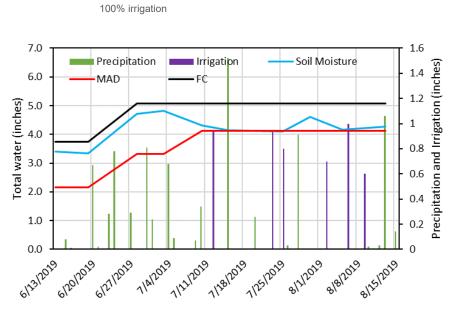


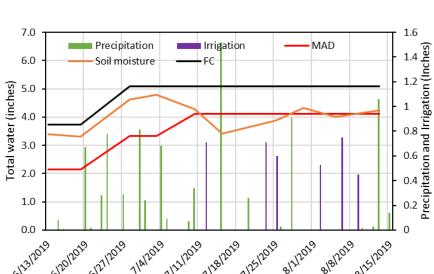
Lysimeter

Plant and soil sampling



Soil moisture in the root zone

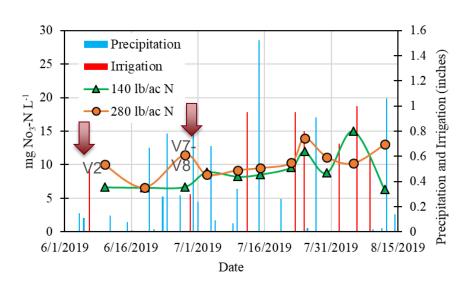




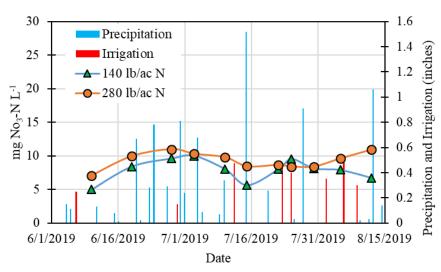
75% irrigation

■ No₃-N concentration in soil-water

50% irrigation 100% irrigation



Average No₃-N = 10mg L⁻¹



Average No₃-N = 8mg L⁻¹

Comparison of Irrigation Methods

Soil moisture monitoring using soil moisture sensors



Irrigation Management Assistant (IMA): 100% Crop **Evapotranspir** ation (ETa) replacement



University of Minnesota Checkbook **Method**



EPIC Crop Growth Model







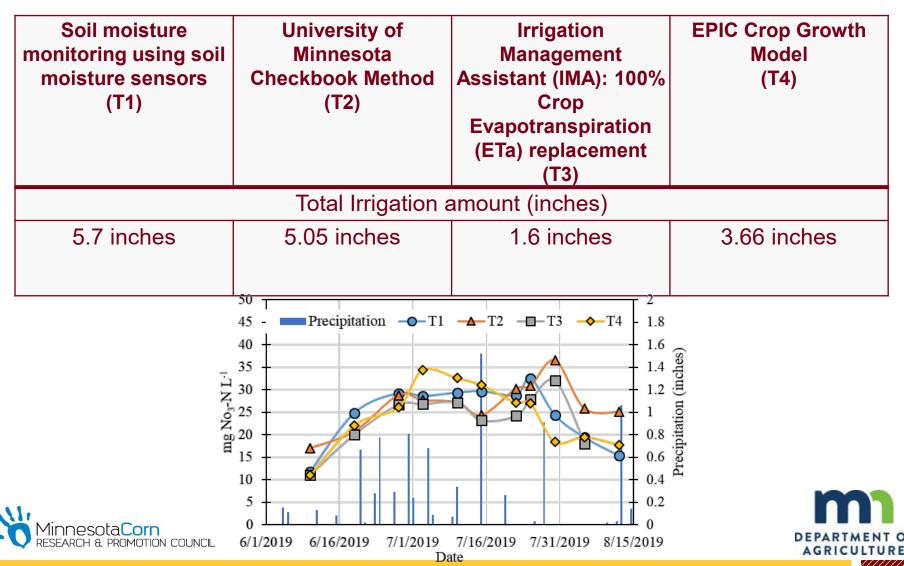








Comparison of Irrigation Methods 2019





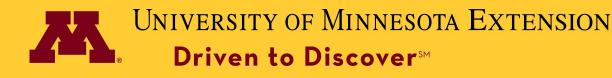








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Thank you!

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Kevin Masarik



Kevin Masarik is a groundwater education specialist with the University of Wisconsin-Extension and University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. His research and outreach activities focus on assisting private well owners with management and assessment of water quality, quantifying the impacts of agricultural activities and other land-use on groundwater quality, and educating citizens and local officials about groundwater.





Using well water data for outreach to communities about nitrate and groundwater

Kevin Masarik
Center for Watershed Science and Education





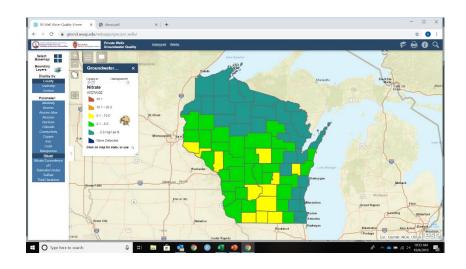
Nitrate data for Wisconsin's private wells

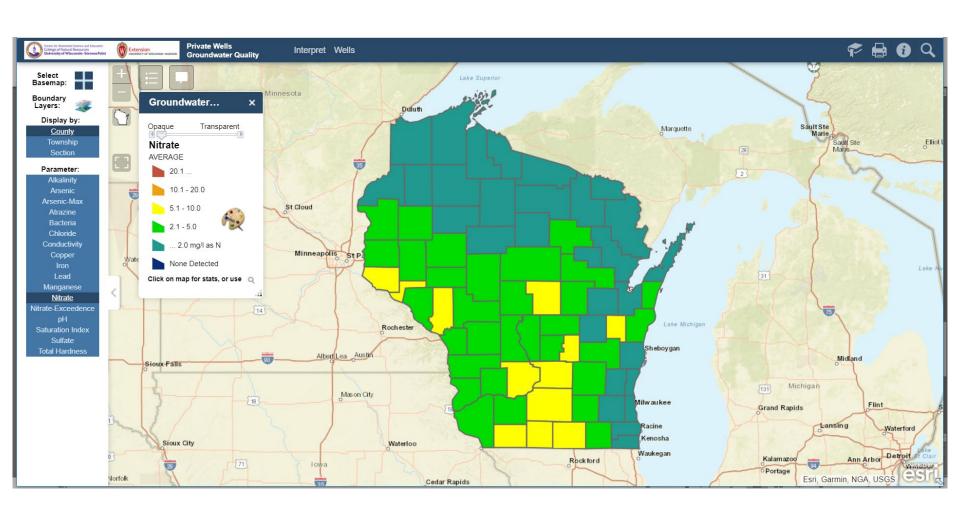
- University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point & UW-Extension, Private Wells Database contributed 105,381 samples
- The WI Dept of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection provided 8,236 samples
- The WI Dept of Natural Resources GRN system added 44,985
- New WI Department of Natural Resources requirements of NR812 as of 2014 provided 59,677 additional samples
- The Eau Claire City-County Health Dept provided 2,189 analyses
- The La Crosse County Health Department provided 5,381 analyses

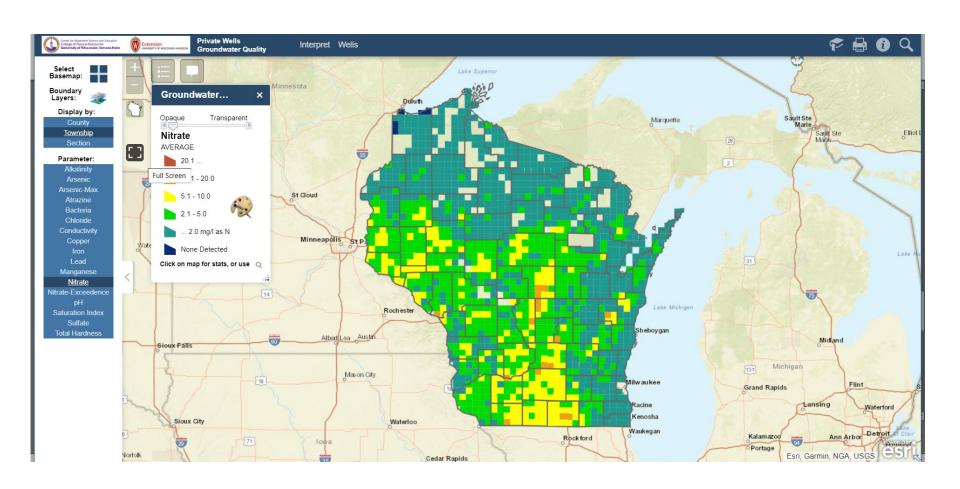


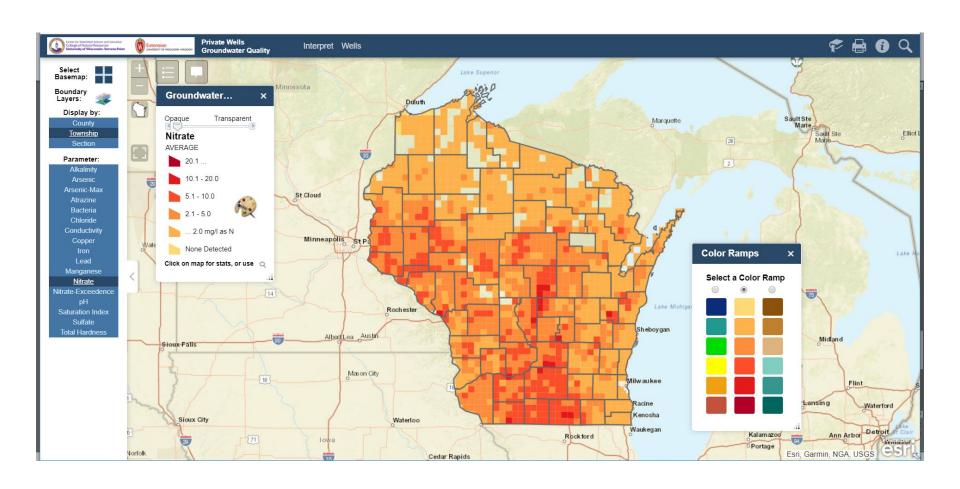
Homeowners and local units of government can use this tool to:

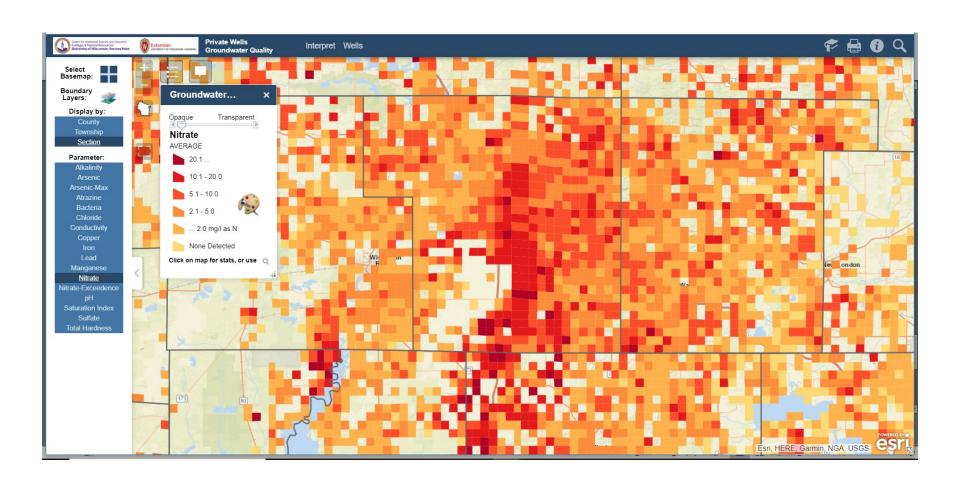
- Learn about general well water quality in Wisconsin
- Compare water quality to nearby towns or counties
- Raise awareness of local groundwater quality issues
- Promote testing and outreach efforts
- Encourage well testing in areas where little data exists
- Highlight the value of baseline data

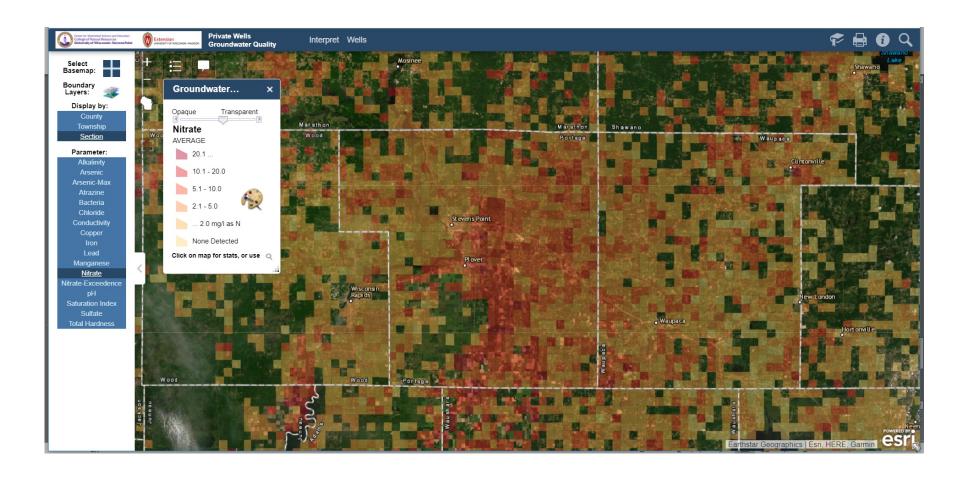




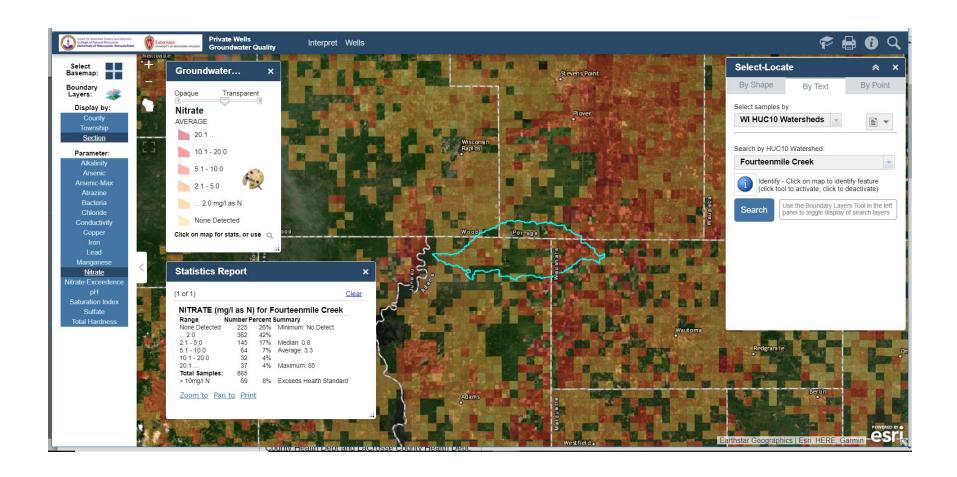




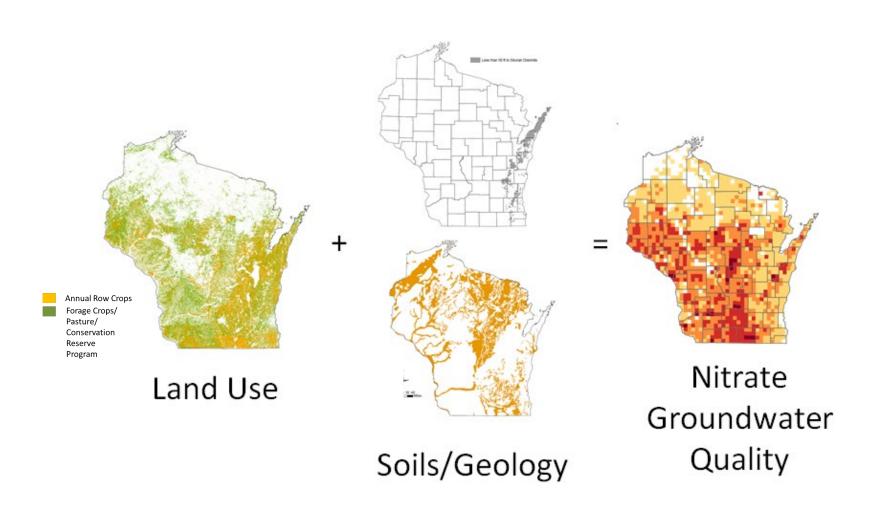




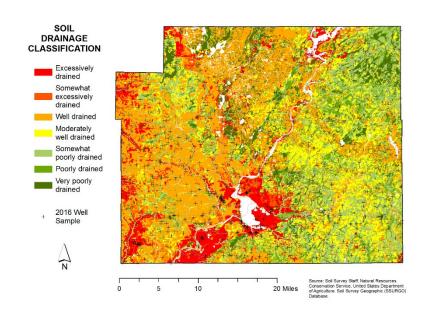


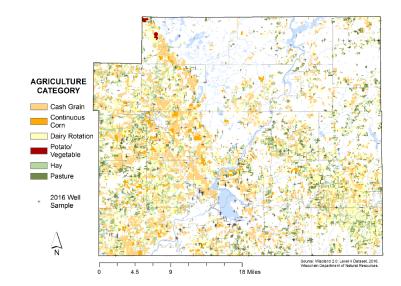


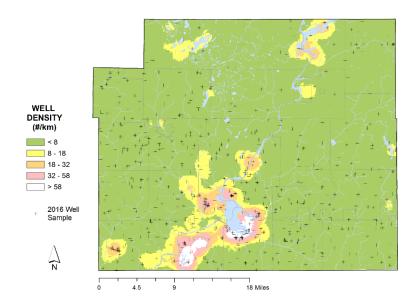
Nitrate in Wisconsin's Groundwater

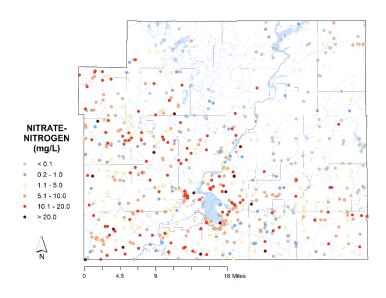


Developing Statistical Models utilizing the data

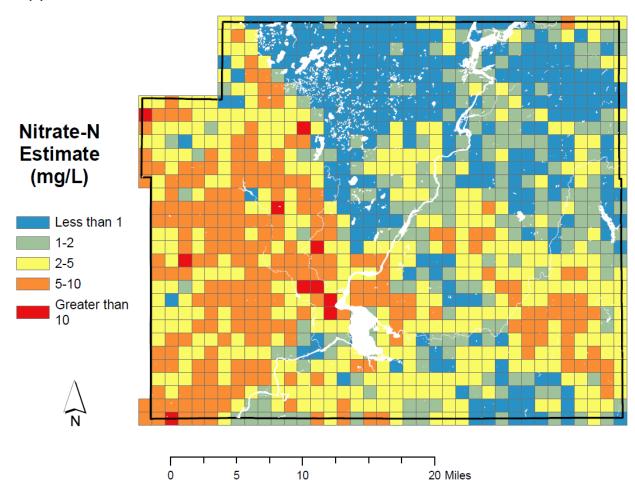




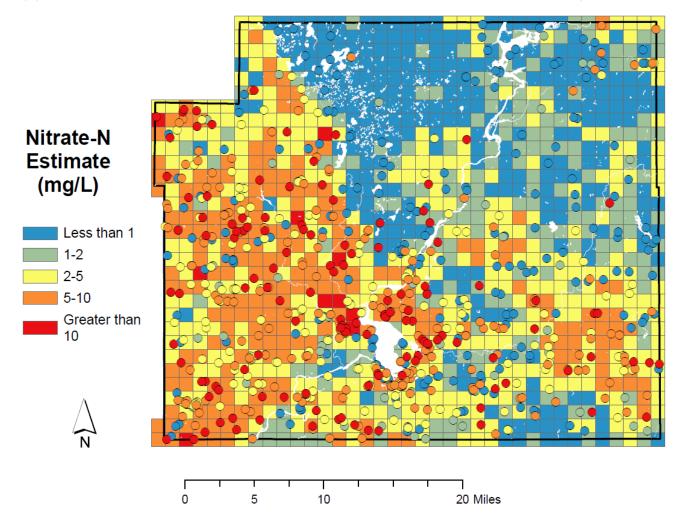




Chippewa Predicted Nitrate-N Concentration



Chippewa Predicted Nitrate-N Concentration with 2016 Well Sample Results



Contact Info: Kevin Masarik

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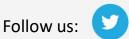


Question and Answer Session

We will draw initial questions and comments from those submitted via the chat box during the presentations.

Today's Speakers

Troy Gilmore – <u>gilmore@unl.edu</u>
Vasudha Sharma – <u>vasudha@umn.edu</u>
Kevin Masarik – <u>kmasarik@uwsp.edu</u>







Thank you for participating in today's *The Current*!

Visit our website, northcentralwater.org, to access the recording and our webinar archive!

Next webinar
Climate Change's Affect on Field Crop Diseases
Monday, October 28th at 1pm CT

https://northcentralclimate.org/webinars/

